

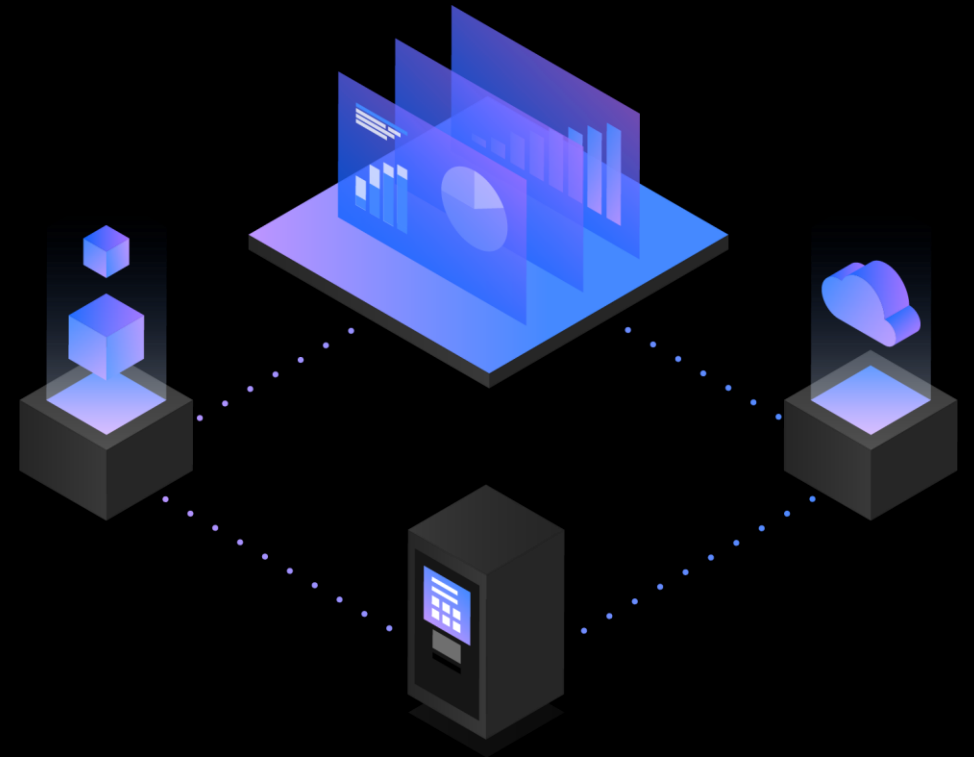
Use Profiles to Monitor and Control Db2 Application Context

New England Db2 User's Group

June 22, 2023

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Agenda

- Overview profile monitoring
- Sample definition in profile tables
- Profile table characteristics
- Use cases
- Db2 13 extension to profile table functionality

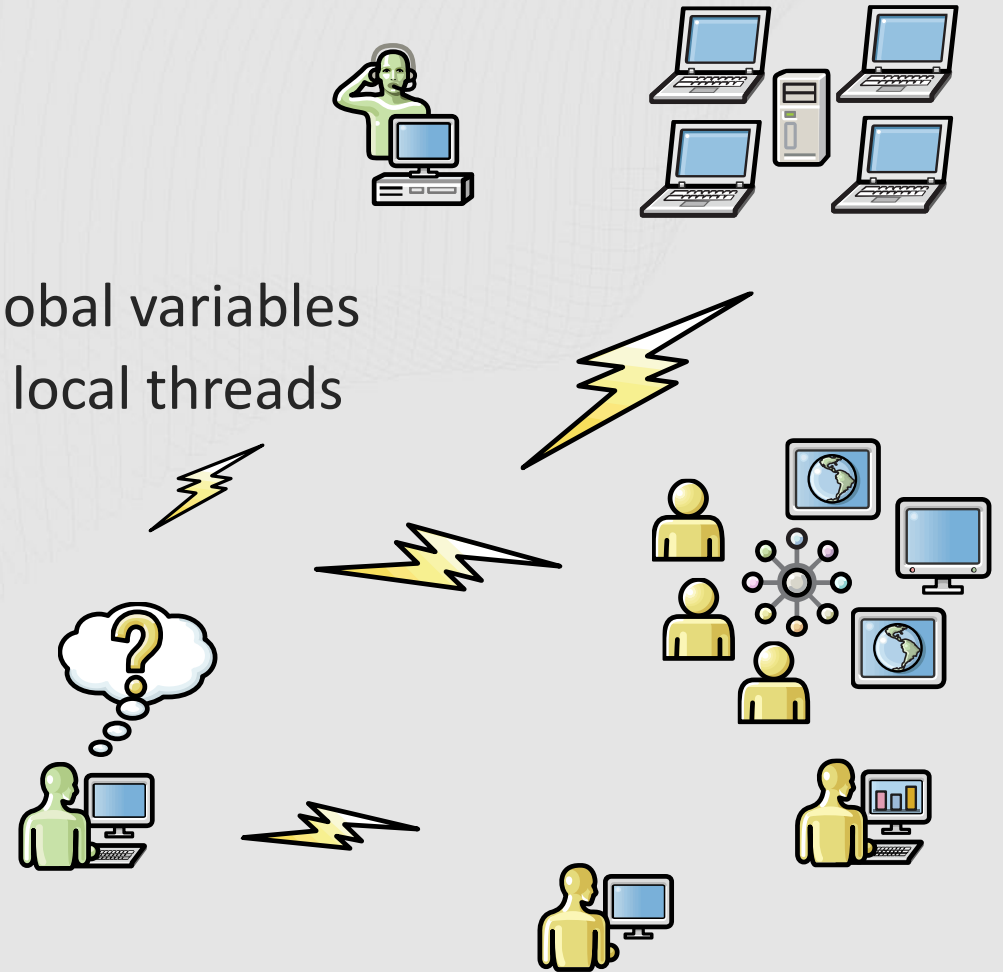
Db2 for z/OS System Profile Monitoring

- **Resources to manage**

- Connections
- Threads
- Timeouts
- Special registers, Db2 defined global variables
- Db2 13 Profile table support for local threads

- **Clients to support**

- Priorities, demands
- Variety of applications



Db2 for z/OS: System profile monitoring

- **Use cases:**

- Prevent workload with denial-of-service attack characteristics
- Manage migration to new driver level
- Reserve threads for critical applications
- Set special registers or global variables
 - Including accelerator, transparent archiving enablement
- Non-distributed: anticipate production access paths in test
 - Model production values of RIDPOOL, SORTPOOL, BP allocations

- **How to exploit for distributed clients:**

- Define a distributed application to a profile by qualifier
 - E.g. IP address, or AUTHID and/or ROLE, or driver level, or ...
- Assign values to profiles
 - E.g. threads more granular than single DSNZPARM value for MAXDBAT
 - And/or set special register(s) or global variable(s) for profile(s)

Overview: System Profile Monitoring

- Db2 provided tables
 - SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_TABLE
 - Define profile to represent filtering scope or context, a process such as an SQL statement, thread, or connection
 - SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES:
 - Define actions for Db2 to take when criteria of the profile is met
 - Specify the
 - Monitoring function type in the KEYWORD column
 - Monitoring action in ATTRIBUTE1 (warning or exception)
 - Thresholds IN ATTRIBUTE2
- Db2 command START PROFILE after DDF is started
 - START PROFILE issued for each member in a data sharing group
 - START PROFILE status remembered across DDF STOP/START
 - DSN6SYSP PROFILE_AUTOSTART=YES|NO

System profile monitoring: sample tables

SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_TABLE

ROLE	AUTHID	LOCATION	PRDID	COLLID	PKGNAME	PROFILEID	PROFILE_ENABLED
	SRVR1					20	Y
			JCC03570			21	Y
		TEST.SVL.IBM.COM				22	Y

SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES

ProfileID	Keywords	Attribute1	Attribute2	Attribute3	Attribute Timestamp
20	MONITOR THREADS	EXCEPTION	10		2011-12-19...
21	MONITOR IDLE THREADS	WARNING	180		2011-12-19...
22	MONITOR CONNECTIONS	WARNING	45		2011-12-19...
22	MONITOR CONNECTIONS	EXCEPTION	90		2011-12-21...

- Values in DSN_PROFILE_TABLE cannot be specified in columns of more than one color (excluding black)
- Multiple rows in DSN_PROFILE_TABLE may apply to one user or application instance:
for example, one profile based on the authid, another profile based on the product id, etc.
- Multiple rows in DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES can apply to one profile ID

System profile monitoring: wildcard support

- Use wildcard characters in some profile columns to allow matching against a range of AUTHIDs, or product IDs, or IP addresses
 - AUTHID column: use characters ending in * to match any AUTHID beginning with those characters
 - TEMP* in AUTHID would match any authid beginning 'TEMP', including TEMP with no trailing characters
 - PRDID column: multiple product identifiers that began with the same characters could match a single profile definition
 - DSN* would match to any version of a Db2 for z/OS requestor
 - LOCATION column supports wildcard matching of IP addresses as described on the next page

Wildcard support: examples

PROFILEID	LOCATION	ROLE	AUTHID	PRDID	COLLID	PACKAGE
18	null	null	null	DSN*	null	null
19	null	null	USER*	null	null	null
20	9.30.222.0/24	null	null	null	null	null
21	2001:DB8:ABCD:0012::/64	null	null	null	null	null
22	0.0.0.0	null	null	null	null	null

- LOCATION='9.30.222.251' matches Profile 20
 - As would any IPv4 address beginning with 9.30.222
- LOCATION='2001:DB8:ABCD:0012:0000:0000:0000:1234' matches profile 21
 - As would any IPv6 address beginning with 2001:DB8:ABCD:0012
- LOCATION='192.168.0.103' matches profile 22, as does any other IP address that does not match on LOCATION in other DSN_PROFILE_TABLE rows
- The value after '/' in profiles 20 and 21 represents number of bits in the address

Wildcard support, IP address details

- IPv4 subnet address: initial IPv4 address of a subnet followed by subnet prefix:
 - IPv4address/mm where mm is 8, 16 or 24, representing the number of initial bits of an IPv4 address belonging to the subnet
 - /24 means the first 24 bits of the address. In IPv4, the address is in 4 8-bit nodes. So /24 covers the first three nodes as the 'constant' address value. It is also possible to use /8 or /16.
 - Example: 9.30.222.0/24
 - A profile row with this value in LOCATION would match for any IP address in the range from 9.30.222.1 to 9.30.222.254
 - IPv6 subnet address: initial IPv6 address of a subnet followed by subnet prefix:
 - IPv6address/mmm where mmm is 16, 32, 48, 64, 80, 96, or 112, representing the number of initial bits of an IPv6 address which belongs in the subnet
 - In IPv6, the value after the slash is also bits, but in IPv6, each node of the address is 16 bits. So in this example first 4 nodes times 16 bits = 64 bits of the 'constant' address.
 - Example: 2001:DB8:ABCD:0012::/64
 - A profile row with this value in LOCATION would match for any IP address in the range from
 - 2001:DB8:ABCD:0012:0000:0000:0000:0000 to
 - 2001:DB8:ABCD:0012:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF
 - 0.0.0.0, or ::0, which represents any IP address (IPv4 or IPv6, respectively)

System profile monitoring: ROLLBACK attribute

- **MONITOR IDLE THREADS** behavior with Attribute1 column value **EXCEPTION**
 - On exception, thread aborted and connection ***terminated***
 - Client may perceive that Db2 is 'unavailable', especially for those clients that have to re-establish the connection resource
 - Exceeding ZPARM IDTHTOIN has same effect
- **ROLLBACK** option
 - Thread is still aborted
 - Connection remains ***inactive***
 - Client will not have to re-establish connection
 - Options for ATTRIBUTE1 column
 - EXCEPTION_ROLLBACK
 - EXCEPTION_ROLLBACK_DIAGLEVEL1
 - EXCEPTION_ROLLBACK_DIAGLEVEL2
- DSNZPARM IDTHTOIN does NOT apply to distributed thread that meets the criteria for MONITOR IDLE THREADS profile.

System profile monitoring: ROLLBACK attribute

- If distributed thread qualifies and is idle for longer than the value in ATTRIBUTE2, and
 - Data changes have been made but not committed
 - Thread is aborted, DBAT is pooled
 - Database changes are rolled back
 - Connection is inactive; placed in ***must-abort***
 - Data changes have NOT been made
 - Thread is aborted, DBAT is pooled
 - Connection is inactive; resources may appear to have been lost
 - DGTT, LOB locator, held cursors, kept dynamic statements

Set global variables

- Applies to
 - Transparent Archiving for distr app without application change
 - IDAA query routing from distr app without application change
- Db2 12 supports setting the following global variables in system profile tables
 - SYSIBMADM.GET_ARCHIVE
 - SYSIBMADM.MOVE_TO_ARCHIVE
 - SYSIBM.TEMPORAL_LOGICAL_TRANSACTIONS
 - SYSIBM.TEMPORAL_LOGICAL_TRANSACTION_TIME
- SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES table changes
 - KEYWORD value 'GLOBAL_VARIABLE' is available
 - ATTRIBUTE1 accepts SET statement for global variables
 - SET statement requires equal sign (=) between the global variable and the value assigned
 - Example: SET SYSIBMADM.MOVE_TO_ARCHIVE = 'N'

Set global variables

MOVE_TO_ARCHIVE_DEFAULT added to DSNZPARM to set default for SYSIBMADM.MOVE_TO_ARCHIVE

- Rules for defining profiles and criteria for connection attributes do not change
- If unsupported global variables specified in ATTRIBUTE1
 - SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES_HISTORY set to 'REJECTED – UNSUPPORTED SET STATEMENT'
- If supported SET statements contain invalid values
 - SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES_HISTORY set to 'REJECTED – INVALID GLOBAL VARIABLE VALUE'
- Precedence for Global Variables
 - 1. Global variable(s) set explicitly by application SET statement(s)
 - 2. Global variable(s) set in system profile tables
 - 3. Global variable defaults
- In remote applications that match the profile, variable values are set before SQL statements are run
- Authorization
 - Authorization model for setting global variables within application does not apply to global variables set through profile tables
 - User authorized to insert rows into DSN_PROFILE_TABLE and DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES is considered authorized to set those global variables

System profile monitoring: message granularity

- Requirement: identify applications that exceed system profile thresholds
 - Knowing that a profile was exceeded (WARNING) or taking action when a profile was exceeded (EXCEPTION) is not always sufficient
 - Application information would be helpful to resolve problems or enforce behavior
 - Solution: provide LUWID for threads that exceed profile thresholds
- New messages, new ATTRIBUTE1 values, improved accounting trace
 - Change to DSNT773I: include LUWID for WARNING
 - New message DSNT774I: include LUWID for EXCEPTION
 - Profile ID added to accounting record if a warning or exception threshold is hit for a profile
 - ATTRIBUTE1 in DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES includes
 - WARNING_DIAGLEVEL3 to issue DSNT773I
 - EXCEPTION_DIAGLEVEL3 to issue DSNT774I

Prevent denial of service attack characteristics

- High TCP connection count, due to old idle Db2 connections that were abandoned by clients, requests for new connections/work is exhausting private storage
 - *Db2 connections are inactive and do NOT hold Db2 resources (DBAT), so Db2 zparm idle thread timeout does not apply*
 - *Idle connections remain for approx. 30 min before being closed by the client*
 - Old idle connections are essentially blocking new work and there is no way to manage this on the server side -> problem needs to be limited to appServer
- Add a Db2 monitor connection profile threshold per appServer
 - Set to ½ of connections for warning
 - It can limit the scope of a connection storm and ensure connections are not consumed by a few misbehaving appServers

ProfileID	Keywords	Attribute1	Attribute2	Attribute3	Attribute Timestamp
20	MONITOR THREADS	EXCEPTION	10		2011-12-19...
22	MONITOR CONNECTIONS	WARNING	90		2011-12-19...
22	MONITOR CONNECTIONS	EXCEPTION	180		2011-12-19...

Sample: Manage Migration to New Driver Level

- Identify driver level by activating distributed location statistics stats class(7) which is ifcid(365)
- Still difficult to convince clients to upgrade driver level
 - Define profile table entry for PRDID of driver level that needs to be migrated and ATTRIBUTE1 column to WARNING for period of time.
 - Update ATTRIBUTE1 column to EXCEPTION to prevent old driver level to connect to DB2 when ready to enforce

ROLE	AUTHID	LOCATION	PRDID	COLLID	PKGNAME	PROFILEID	PROFILE_ENABLED
			JCC03570			21	Y
		TEST.SVL.IBM.COM				22	Y

ProfileID	Keywords	Attribute1	Attribute2	Attribute3	Attribute Timestamp
21	MONITOR THREADS	WARNING_DIAGLEVEL2	1		2011-12-19...
22	MONITOR CONNECTIONS	WARNING	45		2011-12-19...

Db2 13 extension to profile table functionality

Profile table support for local threads

- Current behavior

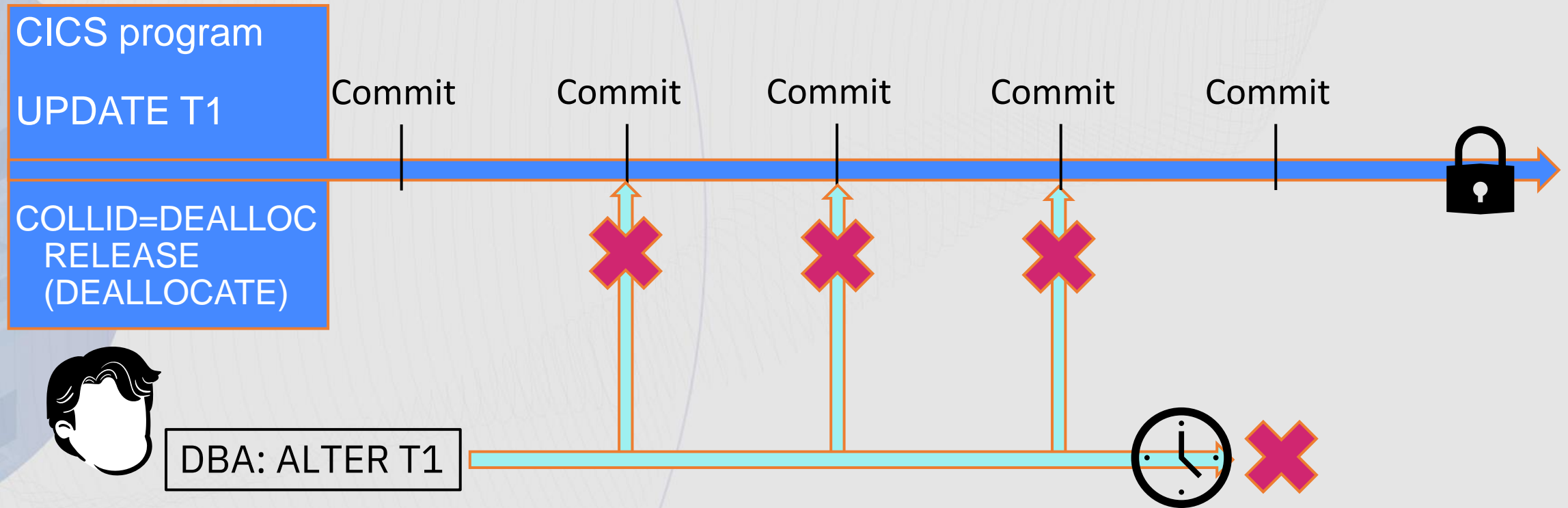
- Profile tables can be used by DBA to set special registers for distributed threads only
- Local applications cannot easily change:
 - Special registers
 - Global variables
- Application developer required to make changes to local applications

- New behavior

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- Profile tables enhanced
 - Local thread support in some situations
 - New special register:
 - `CURRENT LOCK TIMEOUT`
 - New built-in global variable:
 - `SYSIBMADM.DEADLOCK_RESOLUTION_PRIORITY`
 - New keyword: `RELEASE_PACKAGE`

Challenge scenario: RELEASE(DEALLOCATE) and ALTER TABLE



DBA needs to add a new column to the table T1, However packages are bound with the bind option RELEASE(DEALLOCATE) prevents DDL execution

Solution scenario (1 | 3)

CICS program

UPDATE T1

Commit

Commit

Commit

Commit

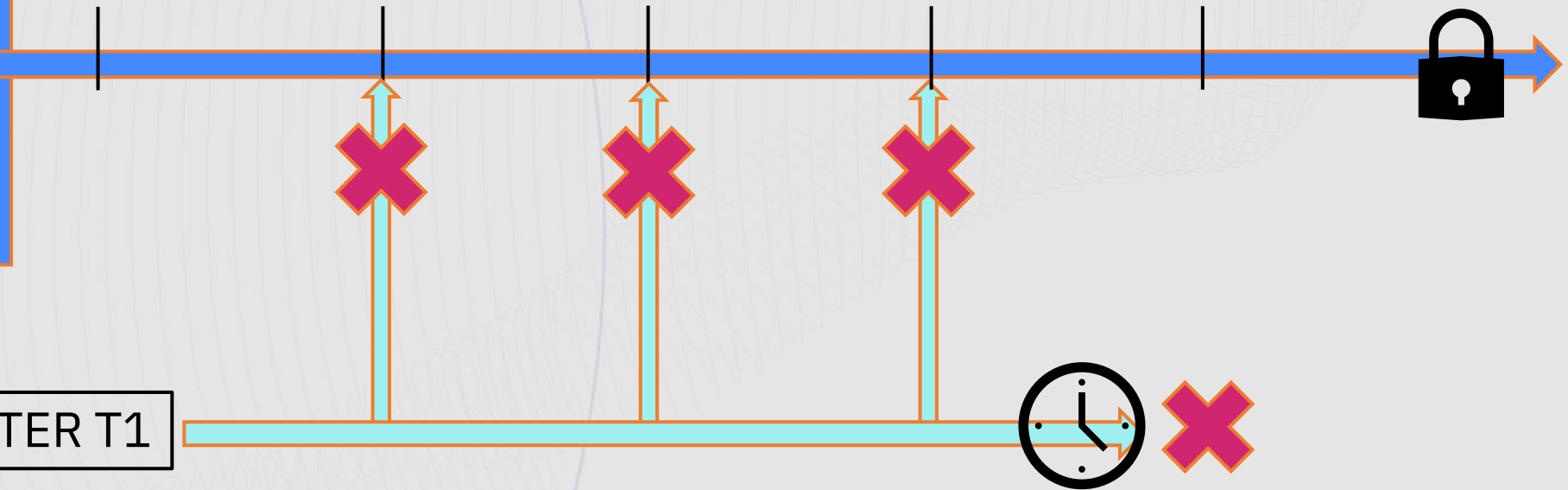
Commit

COLLID=DEALLOC
RELEASE
(DEALLOCATE)



DBA: ALTER T1

```
DBA: INSERT INTO SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE TABLE ... ;  
      INSERT INTO SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES ... ;
```



Solution scenario (2 | 3)

- INSERT INTO SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_TABLE...

PROFILEID	COLLID	PROFILE_ENABLE
99	DEALLOC	Y

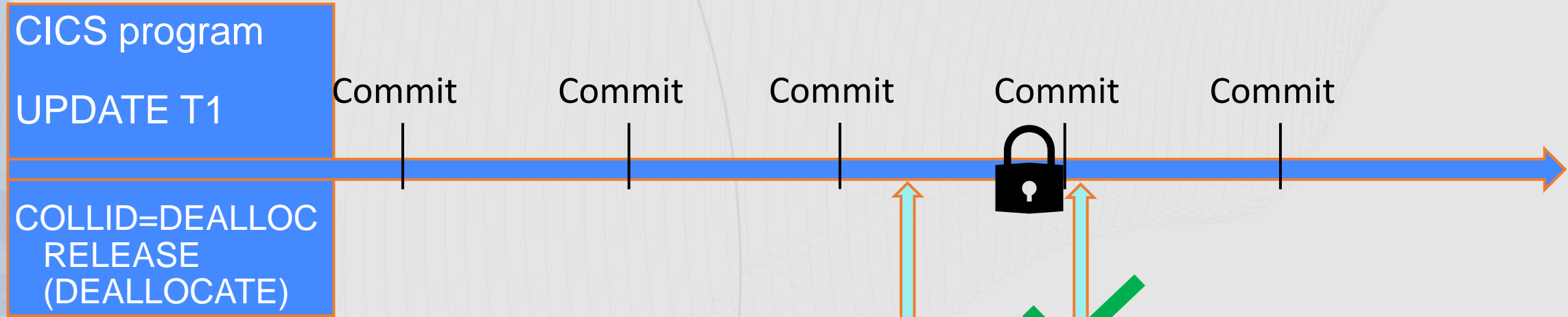
- INSERT INTO SYSIBM.DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES...

PROFILEID	KEYWORD	ATTRIBUTE1	ATTRIBUTE2
99	RELEASE_PACKAGE	COMMIT	2

ATTRIBUTE1 **COMMIT** overrides the RELEASE setting for the collection

ATTRIBUTE2 determines scope: **NULL** – distributed only; **1** – local only; **2** – local and distributed

Solution scenario (3 | 3)



DBA: -STA PROFILES *

DBA: ALTER T1

```
SET CURRENT LOCK TIMEOUT = 60 -- assuming IRLMRWT is 30
SET SYSIBMADM.DEADLOCK_RESOLUTION_PRIORITY = 255
ALTER TABLE T1 ADD C1 INT
```

* as described on prior page

Profile table support for local threads – other details

- The scope of each SET assignment statement (remote, local, or both) is specified through the ATTRIBUTE2 column of the DSN_PROFILE_ATTRIBUTES table.
- **For remote threads:** Profiles are evaluated and SET statements are processed only when the first package is loaded, and the first non-SET statement within that package is executed.
- **For local threads:** Profiles are evaluated and SET statements are processed when each package is loaded.

Thank You

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